Probability: Coupling Theory

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Written examination: Monday 21 January 2013, 10:00–13:00.

- Write your name and student identification number on each piece of paper you hand in.
- All answers must come with a full explanation. Formulas alone are not enough. Formulate your answers clearly and carefully.
- The use of textbooks, lecture notes or handwritten notes is not allowed.
- The questions below are weighted as follows: (1) 3, 10, 2; (2) 5, 5; (3) 6, 3, 6; (4) 3, 3, 3, 6; (5) 5, 10; (6) 3, 4, 8; (7) 3, 3, 3, 3, 3. Total: 100. Pass: ≥ 55 ; no pass: ≤ 54 .

- (a) Give the definition of a coupling of two probability measures \mathbb{P} and \mathbb{P}' on a measurable space (E, \mathcal{E}) .
 - (b) State the standard coupling inequality and give its proof.
 - (c) What is a maximal coupling?
- (a) Let U, V be two random variables with probability density functions on \mathbb{R} given by

$$f_U(x) = x^{-2} 1_{[1,\infty)}(x), \qquad f_V(x) = 3x^{-4} 1_{[1,\infty)}(x).$$

Give a coupling of U and V such that they are ordered.

(b) Let U, V be two random variables with probability mass functions on \mathbb{Z} given by

$$f_U(x) = \frac{1}{3} 1_{\{-1,0,1\}}(x), \qquad f_V(x) = \frac{1}{5} 1_{\{-2,-1,0,1,2\}}(x).$$

Give a maximal coupling of U and V.

(a) Describe the Ornstein coupling for two simple random walks on (3)

- (b) What is a harmonic function on \mathbb{Z}^d ?
- (c) Prove that bounded harmonic functions on \mathbb{Z}^d are constant.
- (4) (a) Give the definition of a random card shuffle.
 - (b) Give the definition of a sequence of threshold times for random card shuffles.
 - (c) What is a strong uniform time for random card shuffles?
 - (d) Exhibit an explicit construction of a strong uniform time for the top-to-random shuffle and compute its expectation.
- (5) (a) Formulate the standard convergence theorem for a Markov chain on a countable state space.
 - (b) Prove this theorem with the help of coupling when the state space is finite.
- (6) (a) What is a partial ordering?
 - (b) Give two examples of partial orderings on $\{0,1\}^{\mathbb{Z}^d}$.
 - (c) Formulate the FKG inequality, and apply it to percolation on \mathbb{Z}^d to show that

$$\mathbb{P}(O[A \cup B]) \ge \mathbb{P}(O[A])\mathbb{P}(O[B]), \qquad A, B \subset \mathbb{Z}^d,$$

where O[A] is the event that all sites in A are occupied (= carry 1).

- (7) (a) Give the definition of a spin-flip system.
 - (b) When is such a system attractive?
 - (c) What important property do attractive spin-flip systems have?
 - (d) Give the transition rates of the contact process on \mathbb{Z}^d .
 - (e) Explain in what sense the contact process has a phase transition.